

CISM FLAGS MANUAL



Edition 2019

“It takes 20 years to build a reputation and five minutes to ruin it. If you think about that, you'll do things differently.”

Warren Buffett

CONTENTS

1	Foreword.....	4
2	Flag Protocol.....	4
2.1	Precedence of flags.....	7
2.2	Flags proportion.....	7
3	Team welcome ceremonies.....	7
4	Flags displayed at Competition, Training and Non-competition Venues	7
5	Flag quality.....	8
6	Opening and Closing ceremonies.....	8
7	Victory ceremonies.....	8
8	Death of a CISM Member during the event or when declared official mourning.....	13
9	Flags at night.....	13
10	Flags in general.....	13
11	Anthem operations.....	13
12	Sequence and Flags of CISM Member Nations.....	14
13	International Long Form in English	94

1. Foreword

Flags are an important part of the identity of a country. They are a symbolic representation of the country and its ideals. Flags aim to unite the people and act as an icon of the nation. The flags of countries must be treated with respect.

The colors and symbols on each flag are illustrations of the ideals of a country and reflect the history and pride of its people. Flags are used to represent nations at global events.

The aim of the CISM Flags Manual is to provide to all CISM members a necessary consulting source applicable to the various CISM activities and events.

2. Flag Protocol

Although the protocol and military traditions of the country hosting a CISM event, CISM protocol should be taken into consideration and shall be strictly carried out.

Great care must be taken to ensure that all flags are produced according to the specifications regarding color, design and orientation.

The Local Organizing Committee (LOC) is responsible for ensuring that the flags displayed and anthems played are accurate and reflect internationally recognized protocol. LOC also manages issues such as damaged flags.

Flags protocol sets shall be positioned according to the CISM event and location. The table and pictures below give more details:

CISM Event	Flags protocol set	Remarks
BOD Meetings	CISM flag and host nation flag	- Opening and Closing ceremonies - Behind the head table
General Assembly and Congress	CISM flag and host nation flag	- Opening and Closing ceremonies - Behind the head table
	Flags of the member countries attending the event - in French alphabetical order	- alongside the room - banners may be used
Military World Championship	CISM flag and host nation flag	- Opening and Closing ceremonies
	CISM flag and flag of the countries attending the event (in French alphabetical order)	- at the competition venue
	Award ceremony (champions' flags)	- competition venue or other place established for it
CISM World Games (summer and winter) and Cadet Games	CISM flag and host nation flag	- Opening and Closing ceremonies (raising/lowering) - press conference - all competition and training venues
	CISM Flag and flags of the countries attending the event - in French alphabetical order *	- main complex of competitions or a dedicated space for that - athlete's village
	Victory ceremonies (champions' flags)	- competition venues or other place established for it

* In the Opening/Closing ceremonies stadium(s), athlete's village and other dedicated space for that the flags of all nations are flown. **In competition venues**, only the flags of those member nations competing in the sport(s)/discipline(s) at that venue are flown. The participating member nations' flags will be displayed in French alphabetical order.





Competition venue and opening ceremony



Space dedicated to display the flags from the countries attending the event



Press Conference



Award ceremony

2.1 Precedence of flags

The responsible for the protocol shall follow the order of precedence of flags:

- 1) Flag of CISM;
- 2) Flag of the host nation;
- 3) Flag of each country attending the event in French alphabetical order

2.2 Flag proportion

Flags are traditionally produced in many different sizes and shapes. However, flag protocol dictates that when massed in a display, all flags should be identical in size, in order to avoid some flags from standing out more than others and going against the CISM spirit, which promotes equality and mutual respect amongst nations. Therefore, a standard 2:3 ratio (2 height x 3 length) has been applied as the standard ratio for flags during the CISM events. The only exception to this rule is the flag of Nepal (NEP), which has a unique shape.

3. Team welcome ceremonies

Each participating member nation's flag will be raised to their respective anthem followed by a short artistic programme and presentation (if applicable). During this ceremony, the CISM flag will also be raised.

4. Flags displayed at Competition, Training and Non-competition Venues

When viewed from the front, flags should be displayed from left to right beginning at the point of honor. In general, the point of honor is to your left when looking from the authorities seating area towards the field of play.

All flags displays should begin with the CISM Flag, followed by the host nation flag and so by the flags from countries attending the event displayed in French alphabetical order from left to right. In general, all flags should be evenly spaced and displayed at the same level.

5. Flag Quality

The quality of the material of the flag has to be appropriate for its use. There are differences to be considered for indoor or outdoor flags.

6. Opening and Closing ceremonies

CISM flag at the Opening Ceremony

At the CISM World Games opening ceremony, a CISM flag larger than any other flag will be brought into the opening ceremony Stadium horizontally and paraded. It will then be hoisted while the CISM anthem plays. The CISM flag must fly for the duration of the CISM World Games on the most prominent flagpole in the stadium. The flag of host nation will also be raised during the ceremony.

CISM flag at the Closing Ceremony

At the closing ceremony, the CISM flag is slowly lowered from the flagpole while the CISM anthem is played.

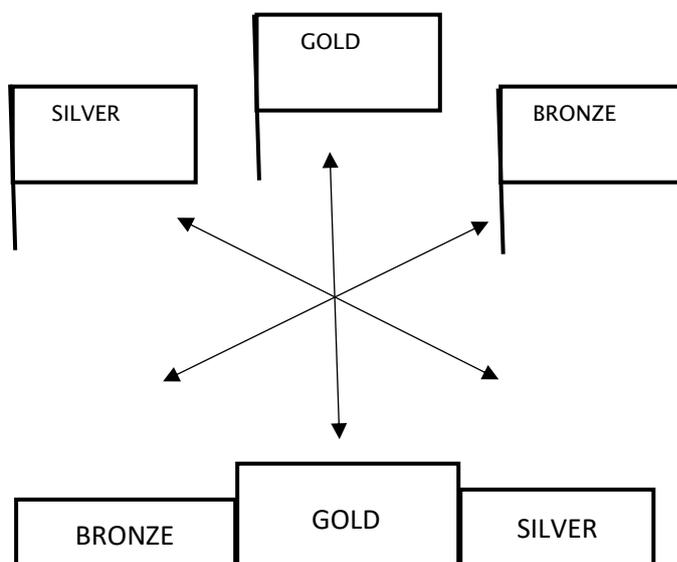
Athletes' Parade

For the Athletes' Parade, the order of entrance of all competing member nations' flags is in French alphabetical order. The flag of the host nation enter last.

7. Victory Ceremonies

Member nation flags corresponding to the athletes that win gold, silver and bronze medals will be raised during the victory ceremonies. Only the anthem of the gold medalist(s) will be played.

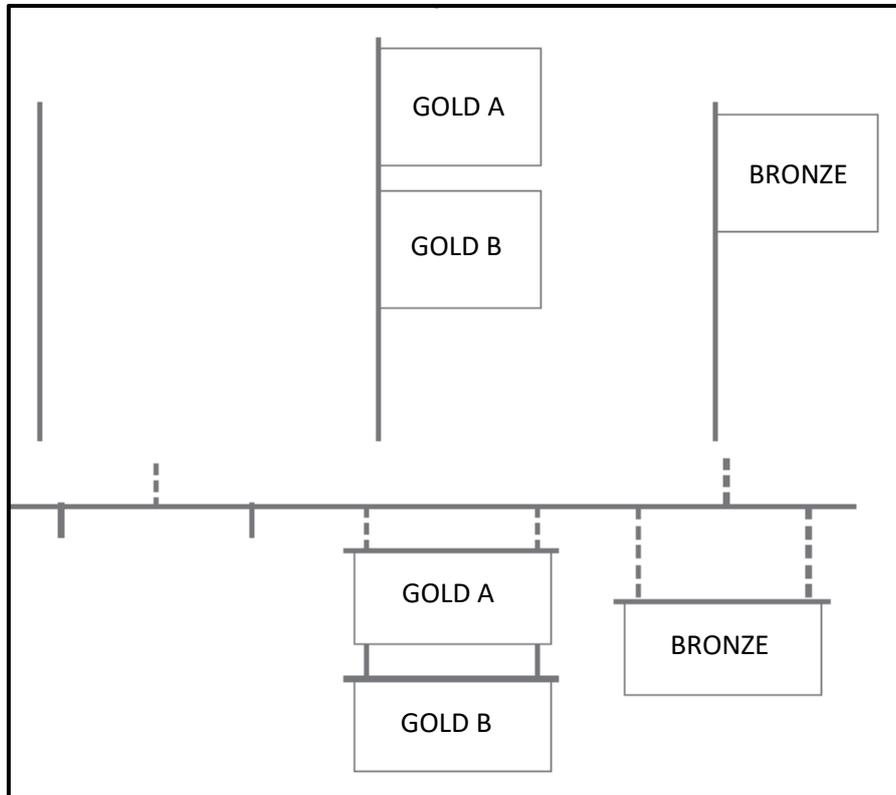
All flags, at both indoor and outdoor locations, will be raised in the horizontal format. Flags will be raised in the following formation when viewed from the athletes' position on the medals podium:



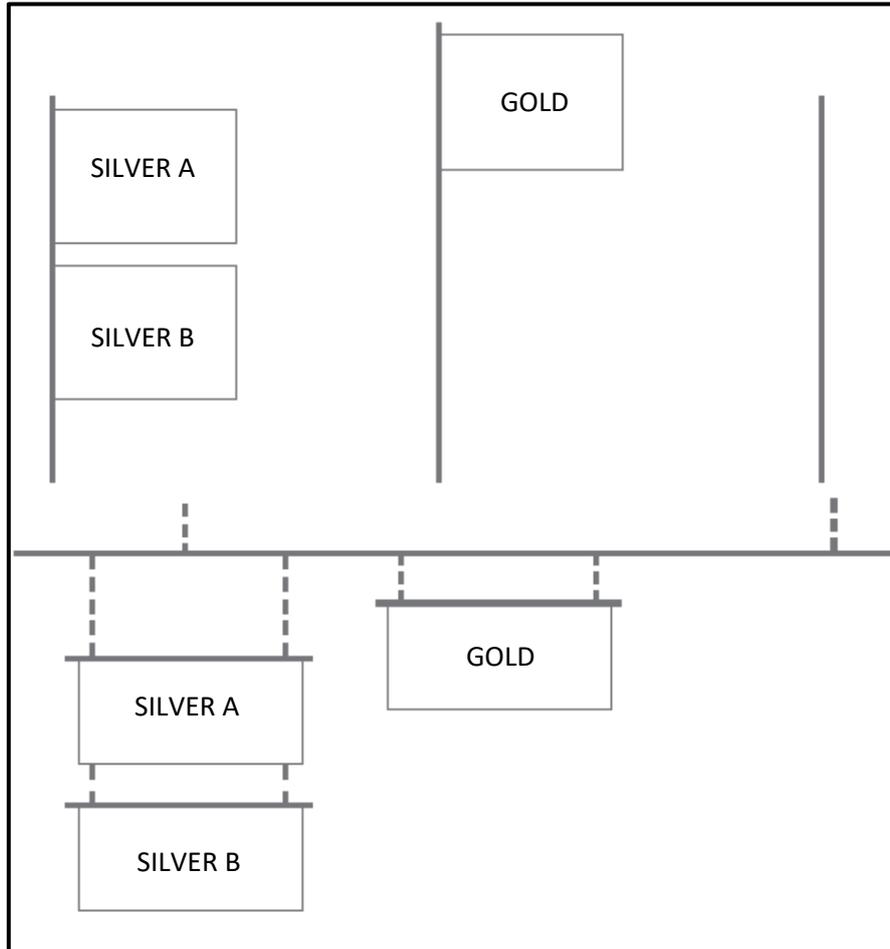
a. Ties

If a tie occurs, two flags may be flown from the same pole during medals ceremonies. The flags will be hung in alphabetical order from top to bottom. In the event of a tie, the following scenarios describe how flags should be displayed on flagpoles or trapeze:

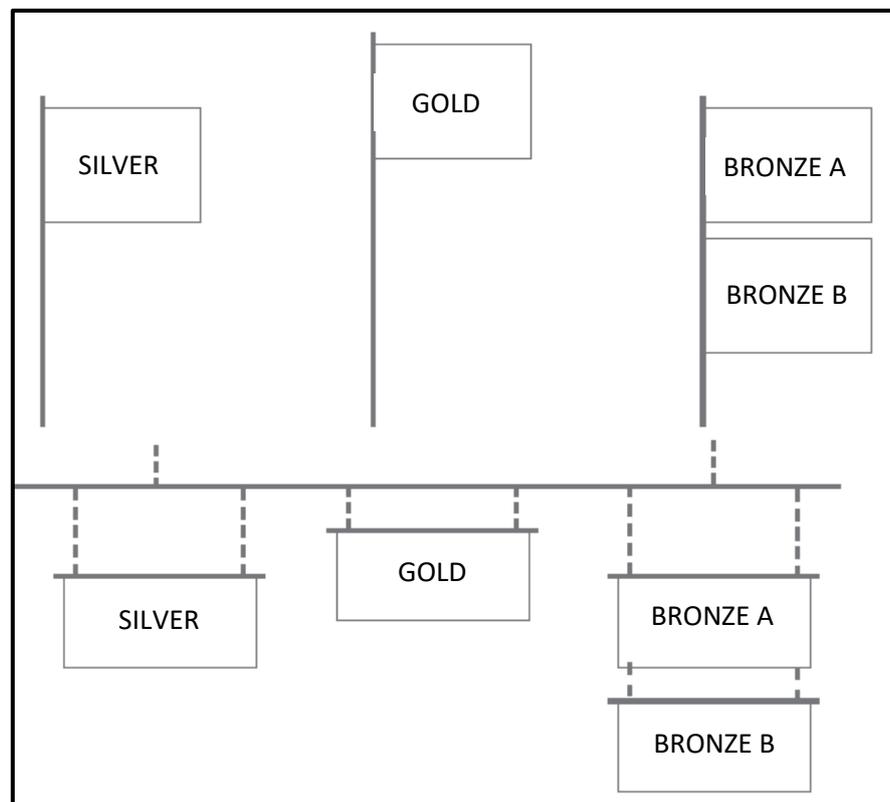
Tie for Gold Medal / between 1st and 2nd



Tie for Silver Medal / between 2nd and 3rd

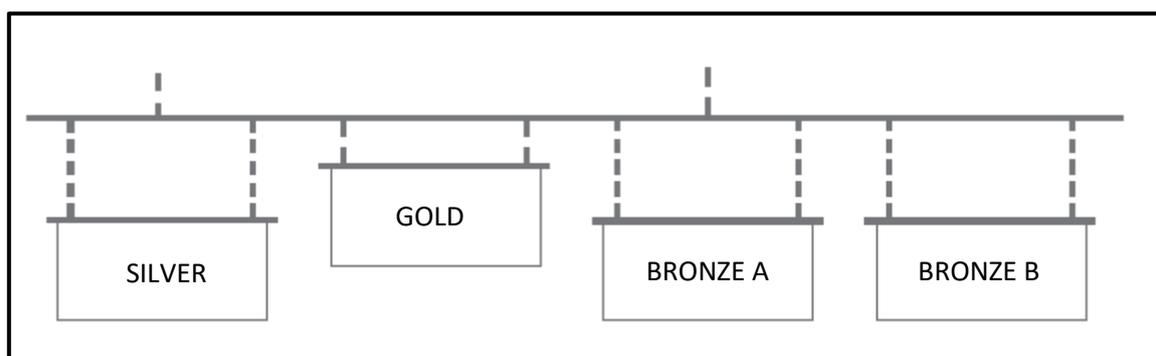


Tie for Bronze Medal / between 3rd and 4th



b. Double Bronze

For sports in which two bronze medals are awarded, like Wrestling, Taekwondo and Judo, the flag corresponding to each bronze medalist will be displayed horizontally on trapeze, according to the order shown in the official results report.



Note: *Two flags should not be flown from the same pole under any other circumstances.*

c. Sequence of the Victory Ceremony

All matters of protocol must be presented in two languages, except when the host country's language is English. Announcements must be presented in this order: first in English, second in the host country's language. All matters of protocol must be translated into English.

The victory ceremony shall follow the following sequence:

1) **Master of Ceremony announces the beginning of the victory ceremony**

2) **Entrance of the Presenters and the CISM Medalists**

- the medalists and the presenters are led and pre-set by hosts/hostesses (militaries or volunteers).

3) **Introduction of the CISM Medalists (from Bronze to Gold)**

- The champions' names and their countries are announced in the following order: the third medalist, winner of the bronze medal is announced first, followed by the second, leading up to the announcement of the first medalist, the gold medalist.

- As their names are announced, the competitors who are third, second and first, wearing their military uniform (in strict accordance with the CISM Regulations), take their places on a podium facing the official stand, with the winner slightly higher than the second-placed who is on his/her right, and the third-placed who is on his/her left. The second and third-place podiums are of equal height (see item 7 of this manual).

4) **Introduction of the Presenters**

The medals shall be presented by the CISM President (when he is present) or by his representative (OCR), accompanied by the President of the Sport Committee concerned (PCSC). The rank, name, country and function of presenters must be announced. Local authorities and special guests can also be invited to present the medals and mascot.

5) **Medal and Mascot (if applicable) Presentation**

The Military athletes exchange a salute with the presenters, so the CISM President or the OCR shall hang the medal around the winner's neck followed by a handshake. Then, the PCSC and the military athlete exchange a salute, he presents the winners with a Mascot followed by a

handshake. The champions are required to wear the military uniform.

6) Raising of the National Flags and Playing of the Gold Medalist's National Anthem

- The flag of the winner (1st place) shall be hoisted up the central flagpole, and those of the second and third-placed competitors up adjoining flagpoles to the right and left of the central flagpole at equal height, slightly lower than the central, champion's flag, looking towards the arena. All flags should be of uniform size with horizontal orientation. New flags should be made for each Games/Championships, as changes to nations' flags are common between the events. It is advisable to designate a flag and anthem protocol expert within the Local Organizing Committee (LOC), and to have each CISM member approve their flag and anthem to be used in Victory Ceremonies.

- While the anthem short version is played, the medal-winners face the flags. Each medal-winner is directly opposite his/her country's flag.

- It is recommended that the delegation flags are raised by people with proper training, to ensure a smooth and level hoist up the flagpole.

For Winter Games: at competition events where only flowers are presented and the medals are awarded at an Olympic Medals Plaza, no national flags are raised and no national anthems are played. These two acts of protocol happen only when a medal is awarded.

7) Official Pictures

- Enough time for official pictures is expected. When authorities are invited for the pictures, they shall be next to the podium and never in front of the athletes.

8) Exit of athletes and authorities

- the hosts/hostesses (militaries or volunteers) lead the athletes and the authorities to the exit.

d. Important Remarks

- The Organizing Committee shall provide a Master of Ceremonies with an appropriate knowledge about the sport discipline he/her is in charge;

- The Master of Ceremony has to announce the authorities and athletes in the proper way:

“Rank, full name, Force, Country”

Ex.: Major Karaca Baraca, from Belgian Army (or Air Force, or Navy).

- If some of them were medalists in the previous CISM World Military Games or Olympic Games, it has to be mentioned:

“Rank, full name, from force, country, gold medalist in the 6th CISM World Games in (sport) at (discipline)”

Ex.: Major Karaca Baraca, from Belgian Army. He was a gold medalist in the 6th CISM World Games in 2015 in Track and Field at Triple Jump.

- If some of them broken/equaled the CISM Record, it has to be mentioned:

“Rank, full name, from force, country, in (sport) at (discipline)”

Ex.: Major Karaca Baraca, from Belgian Air Force. He broke/equaled the CISM World Record in Swimming at 100 meters freestyle.

8. Death of a CISM Member during the event or when declared official mourning

In case of CISM member pass away during the CISM event or in any circumstances that was declared official mourning the flags flying at venues may be lowered to half-mast for a period of one to three days.

Should this happen, all Protocol Managers who have at their venues flags must lower them to half-mast for the period of time stated by CISM or host country.

To put the flag in the half-mast position, the flag must be raised to the top of the flagpole and then immediately lowered to the half-mast position. This means leaving from the top of the flagpole an empty space which is in length equal to the shorter side of the flag (e.g. if the flag is 2 x 3m, a space of 2m must be left from the top of the flagpole).

For the flags flown from flagpoles at indoor venues, a black ribbon can be tied to the top of the flagpole. The black ribbon will stay on top of the flagpole for the whole period of mourning decided upon by the CISM and host country.

9. Flags at Night

Protocol shall observe some remarks regarding to the night period:

- a) When specific lighting for flags exists, the lights are to remain on for the entire night;
- b) If a venue is not open for spectators during the hours of darkness, existing ambient and security lighting is sufficient and meets flag protocol standards; and
- c) It is not feasible to remove the flags each night due to the labor requirements across various Functional areas, cost, time, risk of damage, theft and margin for error when reinstalling flags.

10. Flags in General

Flag Handling - Protocol dictates a certain etiquette when handling a flag, a nation's foremost symbol:

- a) Flags should be folded when carried to and from flagpoles;
- b) No flag should be in a position lower than another flag;
- c) No flag should be smaller than another;
- d) Flags should be securely fastened so as not to fall; and
- e) When a flag visibly deteriorates, it should be replaced with a new one.

11. Anthem operations

Anthems play a key role in Games ceremonies. All Member Nations have to approve their national anthem recording that will be played by the LOC.

The LOC shall only use the short approved versions. The approximate duration of such recordings should be similar for all national anthems, not exceeding 1minute 30 seconds.

12. Sequence and Flags of CISM Member Nations

Below there is a list of CISM member nations and its three letters code that is based on the IOC standard. The list is arranged in French alphabetical order, according to the CISM Regulations. In the sequence, flags of the member nations are presented in their horizontal and vertical formats.

#	CODE	NAME IN FRENCH	NAME IN ENGLISH	PAGE
1	AFG	Afghanistan	Afghanistan	18
2	RSA	Afrique du Sud	South Africa	18
3	ALB	Albanie	Albania	19
4	ALG	Algérie	Algeria	19
5	GER	Allemagne	Germany	20
6	ANG	Angola	Angola	20
7	KSA	Arabie Saoudite	Saudi Arabia	21
8	ARG	Argentine	Argentina	22
9	ARM	Arménie	Armenia	22
10	AUT	Autriche	Austria	23
11	AZE	Azerbaïdjan	Azerbaijan	23
12	BRN	Bahreïn	Bahrain	24
13	BAN	Bangladesh	Bangladesh	24
14	BAR	Barbade	Barbados	25
15	BLR	Belarus	Belarus	25
16	BEL	Belgique	Belgium	26
17	BEN	Bénin	Benin	26
18	BOL	Bolivie	Bolivia	27
19	BIH	Bosnie-Herzégovine	Bosnia and Herzegovina	27
20	BOT	Botswana	Botswana	28
21	BRA	Brésil	Brazil	29
22	BUL	Bulgarie	Bulgaria	30
23	BUR	Burkina Faso	Burkina Faso	30
24	BDI	Burundi	Burundi	31
25	CMR	Cameroun	Cameroon	31
26	CAN	Canada	Canada	32
27	CPV	Cabo Verde	Cape Verde	32
28	CAF	République centrafricaine	Central African Republic	33
29	CHI	Chili	Chile	33
30	CHN	Chine	China	34
31	CYP	Chypre	Cyprus	34
32	COL	Colombie	Colombia	35
33	COM	Comores	Comoros	35
34	CGO	Congo	Congo	36
35	COD	République Démocratique du Congo	Democratic Republic of the Congo	36
36	KOR	République de Corée	Republic of Korea	37
37	CIV	Côte d'Ivoire	Côte d'Ivoire	37
38	CRO	Croatie	Croatia	38
39	DEN	Danemark	Denmark	39
40	DJI	Djibouti	Djibouti	39

#	CODE	NAME IN FRENCH	NAME IN ENGLISH	PAGE
41	DOM	République Dominicaine	Dominican Republic	40
42	EGY	Égypte	Egypt	40
43	UAE	Émirats Arabes Unis	United Arab Emirates	41
44	ECU	Équateur	Ecuador	41
45	ERI	Érythrée	Eritrea	42
46	ESP	Espagne	Spain	42
47	EST	Estonie	Estonia	43
48	USA	États-Unis d'Amérique	United States of America	44
49	FIN	Finlande	Finland	44
50	FRA	France	France	45
51	GAB	Gabon	Gabon	45
52	GAM	Gambie	Gambia	46
53	GEO	Géorgie	Georgia	46
54	GHA	Ghana	Ghana	47
55	GRE	Grèce	Greece	47
56	GUA	Guatemala	Guatemala	48
57	GUI	Guinée	Guinea	48
58	GBS	Guinée-Bissau	Guinea-Bissau	49
59	GEQ	Guinée équatoriale	Equatorial Guinea	49
60	GUY	Guyana	Guyana	50
61	HUN	Hongrie	Hungary	50
62	IND	Inde	India	51
63	INA	Indonésie	Indonesia	51
64	IRI	République islamique d'Iran	Islamic Republic of Iran	52
65	IRQ	Iraq	Iraq	53
66	IRL	Irlande	Ireland	54
67	ITA	Italie	Italy	54
68	JAM	Jamaïque	Jamaica	55
69	JOR	Jordanie	Jordan	55
70	KAZ	Kazakhstan	Kazakhstan	56
71	KEN	Kenya	Kenya	56
72	KGZ	Kirghizistan	Kyrgyzstan	57
73	KUW	Koweït	Kuwait	57
74	LES	Lesotho	Lesotho	58
75	LAT	Lettonie	Latvia	58
76	LBN	Liban	Lebanon	59
77	LBA	Libye	Libya	59
78	LTU	Lituanie	Lithuania	60
79	LUX	Luxembourg	Luxembourg	60
80	MKD	République de Macédoine du Nord	North Macedonia	61
81	MAD	Madagascar	Madagascar	61
82	MAW	Malawi	Malawi	62
83	MLI	Mali	Mali	62
84	MLT	Malte	Malta	63
85	MAR	Maroc	Morocco	63
86	MTN	Mauritanie	Mauritania	64
87	MON	Monaco	Monaco	64

#	CODE	NAME IN FRENCH	NAME IN ENGLISH	PAGE
88	MGL	Mongolie	Mongolia	65
89	MNE	Monténégro	Montenegro	65
90	MOZ	Mozambique	Mozambique	66
91	MYA	Myanmar	Myanmar	66
92	NAM	Namibie	Namibia	67
93	NEP	Népal	Nepal	67
94	NIG	Niger	Niger	68
95	NGR	Nigéria	Nigeria	68
96	NOR	Norvège	Norway	69
97	OMA	Oman	Oman	70
98	UGA	Ouganda	Uganda	71
99	UZB	Ouzbékistan	Uzbekistan	71
100	PAK	Pakistan	Pakistan	72
101	PLE	Palestine	Palestine	72
102	PAR	Paraguay	Paraguay	73
103	NED	Pays-Bas	Netherlands	74
104	PER	Pérou	Peru	74
105	PHI	Philippines	Philippines	75
106	POL	Pologne	Poland	75
107	POR	Portugal	Portugal	76
108	QAT	Qatar	Qatar	76
109	PRK	République Populaire démocratique de Corée	Democratic People's Republic of Korea	77
110	ROU	Roumanie	Romania	77
111	RUS	Fédération de Russie	Russian Federation	78
112	RWA	Rwanda	Rwanda	78
113	SEN	Sénégal	Senegal	79
114	SRB	Serbie	Serbia	79
115	SLE	Sierra Leone	Sierra Leone	80
116	SVK	Slovaquie	Slovakia	80
117	SLO	Slovénie	Slovenia	81
118	SUD	Soudan	Sudan	81
119	SRI	Sri Lanka	Sri Lanka	82
120	SWE	Suède	Sweden	82
121	SUI	Suisse	Switzerland	83
122	SUR	Suriname	Suriname	83
123	SWZ	eSwatini	eSwatini	84
124	SYR	République Arabe Syrienne	Syrian Arab Republic	84
125	TAN	République-Unie de Tanzanie	United Republic of Tanzania	85
126	CHA	Tchad	Chad	85
127	CZE	République tchèque	Czech Republic	86
128	THA	Thaïlande	Thailand	86
129	TOG	Togo	Togo	87
130	TTO	Trinité-et-Tobago	Trinidad and Tobago	87
131	TUN	Tunisie	Tunisia	88
132	TKM	Turkménistan	Turkmenistan	88
133	TUR	Turquie	Turkey	89

#	CODE	NAME IN FRENCH	NAME IN ENGLISH	PAGE
134	UKR	Ukraine	Ukraine	89
135	URU	Uruguay	Uruguay	90
136	VEN	Venezuela	Venezuela	90
137	VIE	Vietnam	Vietnam	91
138	YEM	Yémen	Yemen	91
139	ZAM	Zambie	Zambia	92
140	ZIM	Zimbabwe	Zimbabwe	92
	CISM	Conseil International du Sport Militaire	International Military Sports Council	93

AFG	Afghanistan Afghanistan
	

RSA	Afrique du Sud South Africa
	

ALB	Albanie Albania
	

ALG	Algérie Algeria
	

GER	Allemagne Germany
	

ANG	Angola Angola
	

KSA

**Arabie Saoudite
Saudi Arabia**



Front side



Front side

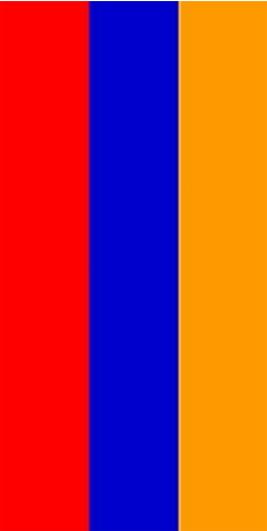


Reverse side



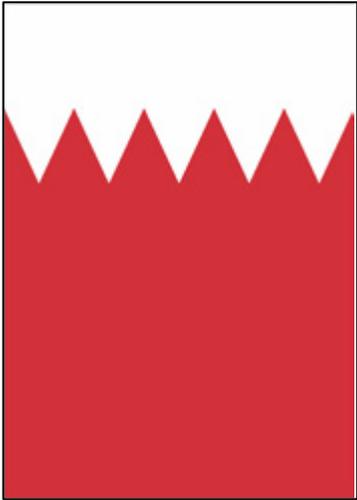
Reverse side

ARG	Argentine Argentina
	

ARM	Arménie Armenia
	

AUT	Autriche Austria
	

AZE	Azerbaïdjan Azerbaijan
	

BRN	Bahreïn Bahrain
	

BAN	Bangladesh Bangladesh
	

BAR	Barbade Barbados
	

BLR	Bélarus Belarus
	

BEL	Belgique Belgium
	

BEN	Bénin Benin
	

BOL

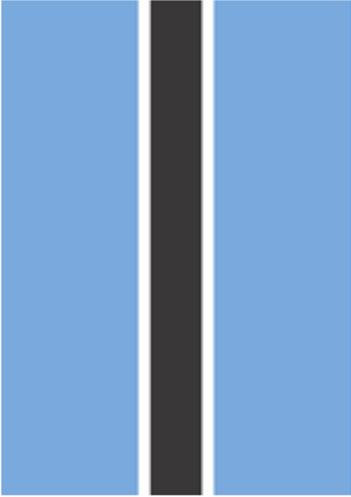
**Bolivie
Bolivia**



BIH

**Bosnie-Herzégovine
Bosnia and Herzegovina**



BOT	Botswana Botswana
	

BRA

**Brésil
Brazil**



Front side



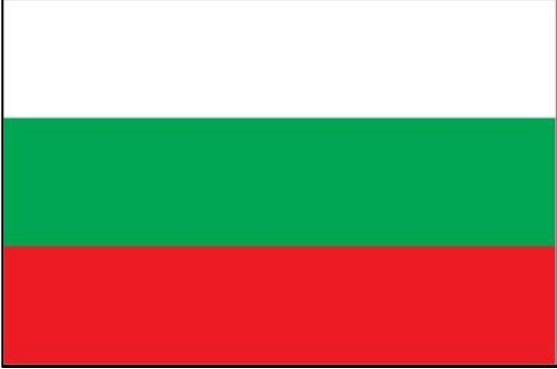
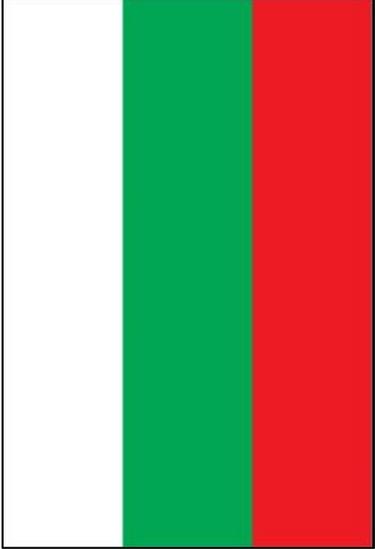
Front side



Reverse side



Reverse side

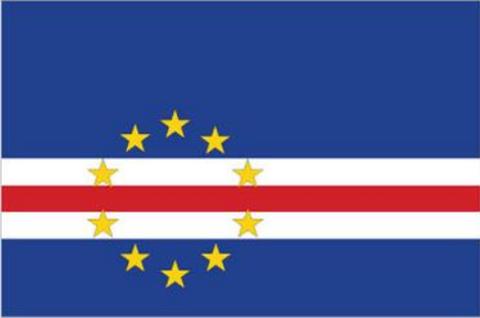
BUL	Bulgarie Bulgaria
	

BUR	Burkina Faso Burkina Faso
	

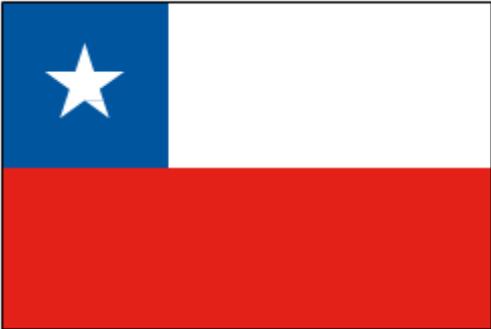
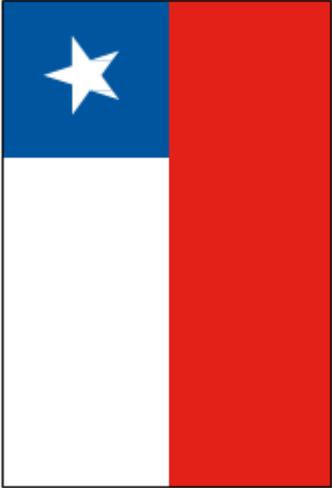
BDI	Burundi Burundi
	

CMR	Cameroun Cameroon
	

CAN	Canada Canada
	

CPV	Cabo Verde Cabo Verde
	

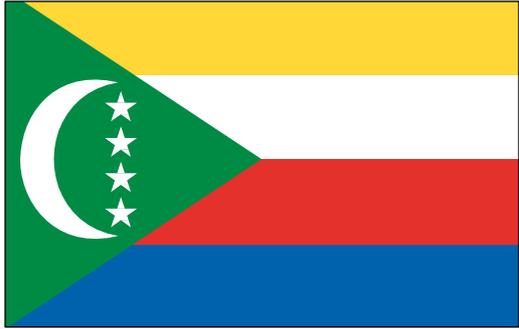
CAF	République Centrafricaine Central African Republic
	

CHI	Chili Chile
	

CHN	République Populaire de Chine People's Republic of China
	

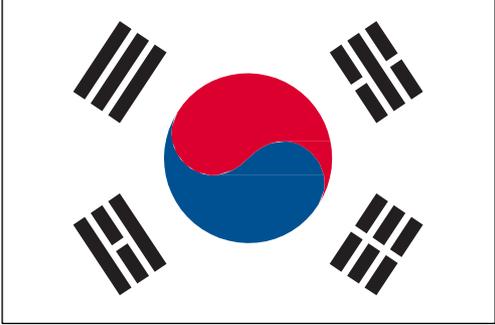
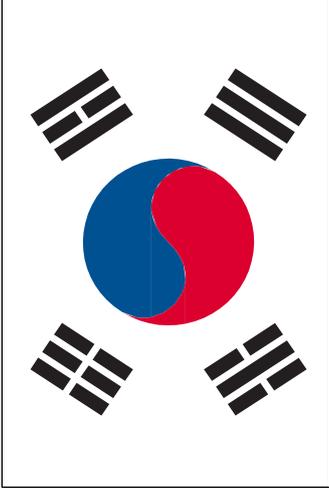
CYP	Chypre Cyprus
	

COL	Colombie Colombia
	

COM	Comores Comoros
	

CGO	Congo Congo
	

COD	République Démocratique du Congo Democratic Republic of the Congo
	

KOR	République de Corée Republic of Korea
	

CIV	Côte d'Ivoire Côte d'Ivori
	

CRO

**Croatie
Croatia**



Front side



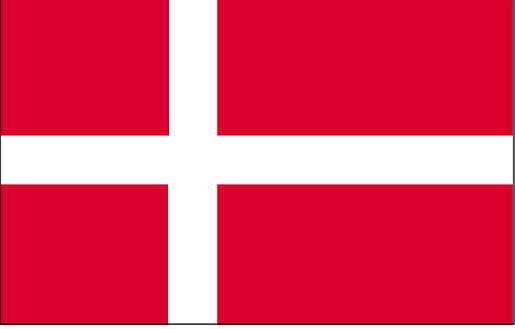
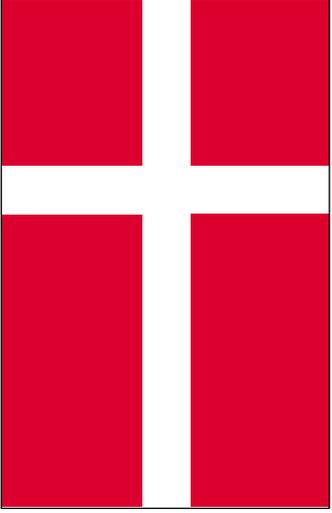
Front side



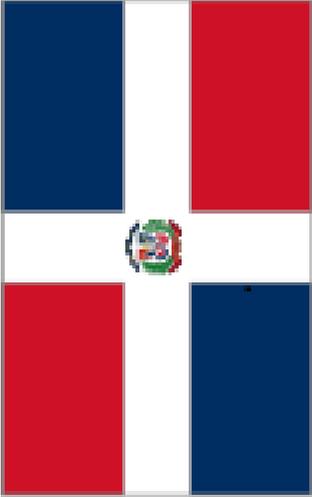
Reverse side



Reverse side

DEN	Danemark Denmark
	

DJI	Djibouti Djibouti
	

DOM	République dominicaine Dominican Republic
	

EGY	Égypte Egypt
	

UAE	Émirats Arabes Unis United Arab Emirates
	

ECU	Équateur Ecuador
	

ERI



**Érythrée
Eritrea**



ESP



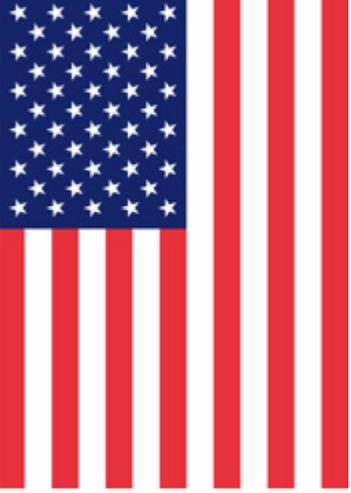
**Espagne
Spain**



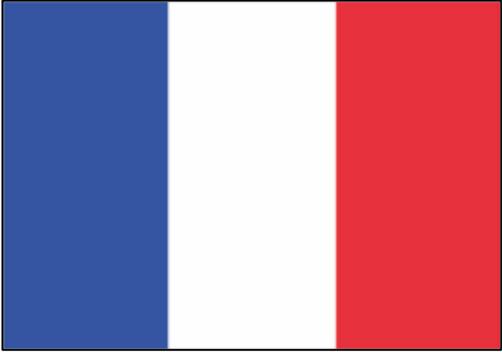
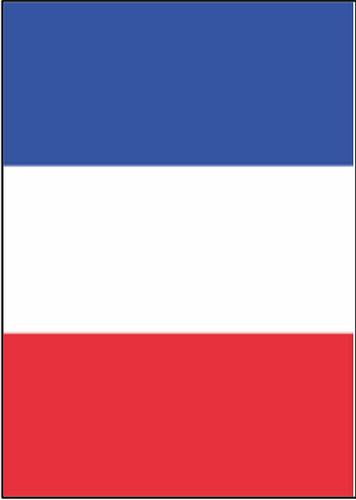
EST

**Estonie
Estonia**

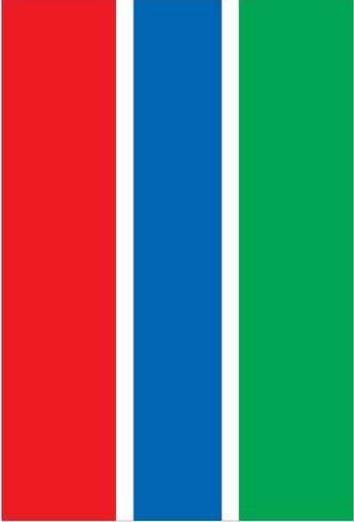


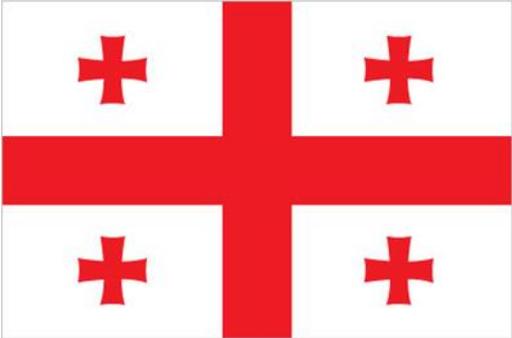
USA	États-Unis d'Amérique United States of America
	

FIN	Finlande Finland
	

FRA	France France
	

GAB	Gabon Gabon
	

GAM	Gambie Gambia
	

GEO	Georgie Géorgie
	

GHA	Ghana Ghana
	

GRE	Grèce Greece
	

GUA	Guatemala Guatemala
	

GUI	Guinea Guinée
	

GBS



**Guinée-Bissau
Guinea-Bissau**



GEQ



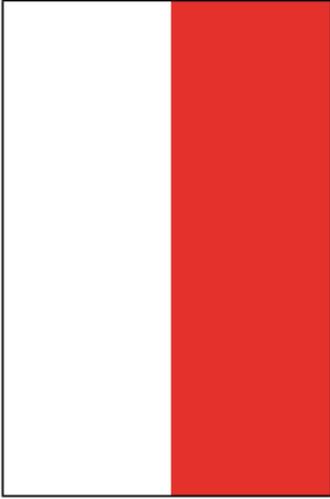
**Guinée Équatorial
Equatorial Guinea**

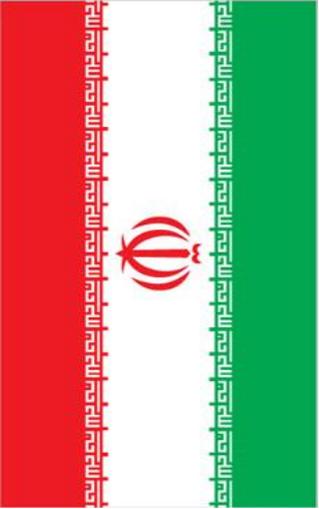


GUY	Guyana Guyana
	

HUN	Hongrie Hungary
	

IND	Inde India
	

INA	Indonésie Indonesia
	

IRI	République Islamique d'Iran Islamic Republic of Iran
 The flag of the Islamic Republic of Iran is a horizontal tricolor. It consists of three equal-width bands of green, white, and red from top to bottom. A red emblem, the symbol of the word 'Allah', is centered in the white band. Two decorative horizontal borders, one green and one red, separate the green and white bands, and the white and red bands.	 The flag of the Islamic Republic of Iran is a vertical tricolor. It consists of three equal-width bands of red, white, and green from left to right. A red emblem, the symbol of the word 'Allah', is centered in the white band. Two decorative vertical borders, one green and one red, separate the red and white bands, and the white and green bands.

IRQ

**Iraq
Iraq**



Front side



Front side



Reverse side



Reverse side

IRL	Irlande Ireland
	

ITA	Italie Italy
	

JAM

**Jamaïque
Jamaica**



JOR

**Jordanie
Jordan**



KAZ

**Kazakhstan
Kazakhstan**



KEN

**Kenya
Kenya**



KGZ	Kirghizistan Kyrgyzstan
	

KUW	Koweït Kuwait
	

LES

**Lesotho
Lesotho**



LAT

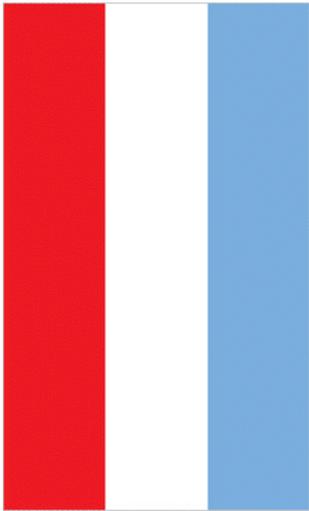
**Lettonie
Latvia**



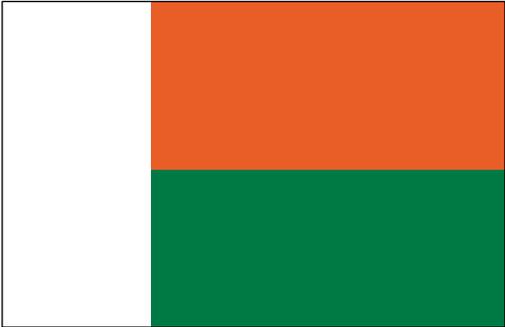
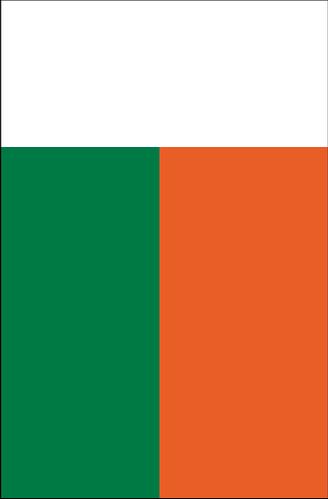
LBN	Liban Lebanon
	

LBA	Libye Libya
	

LTU	Lituanie Lithuania
	

LUX	Luxembourg Luxembourg
	

MKD	République de Macédoine du Nord North Macedonia
	

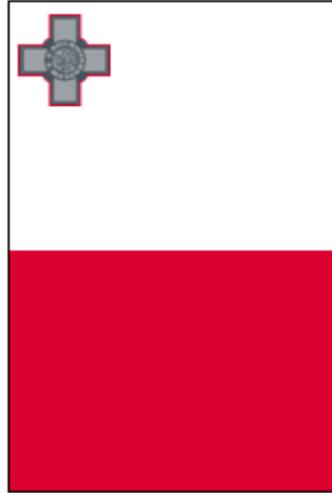
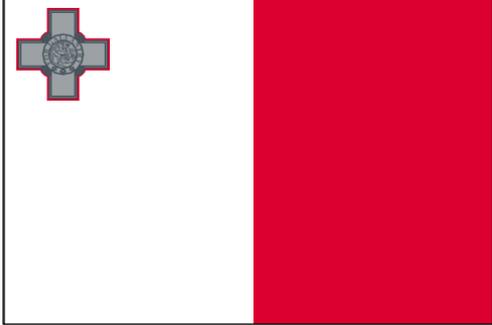
MAD	Madagascar Madagascar
	

MAW	Malawi Malawi
	

MLI	Mali Mali
	

MLT

**Malte
Malta**

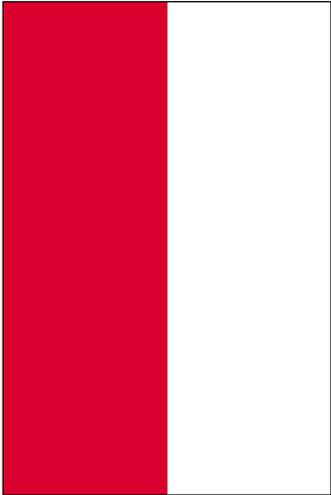


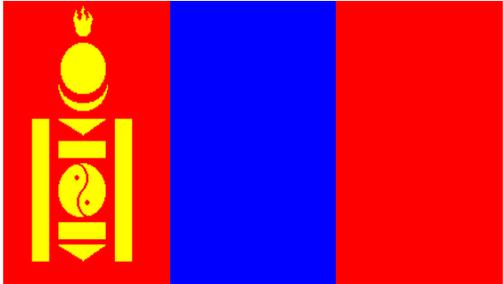
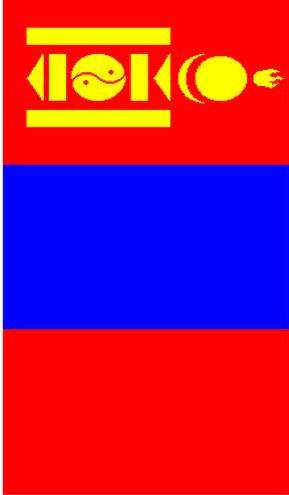
MAR

**Maroc
Morocco**



MTN	Mauritanie Mauritania
	

MON	Monaco Monaco
	

MGL	Mongolie Mongolia
	

MNE	Monténégro Montenegro
	

MOZ

Mozambique
Mozambique



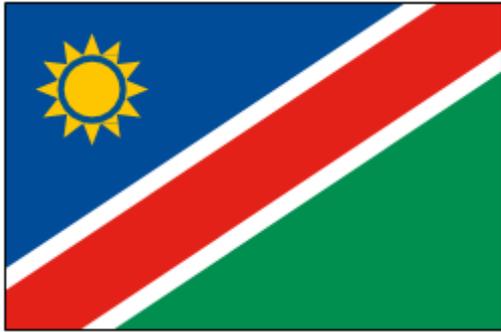
MYA

Myanmar
Myanmar



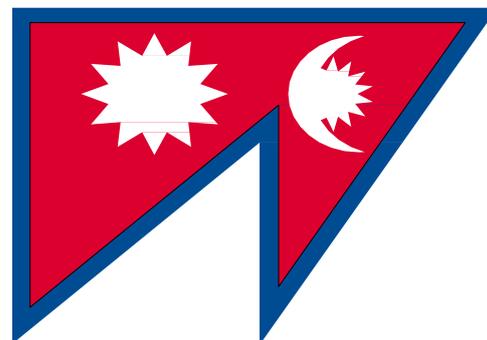
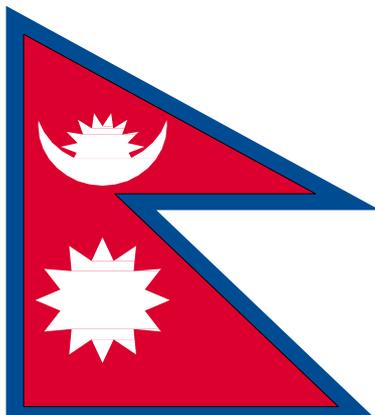
NAM

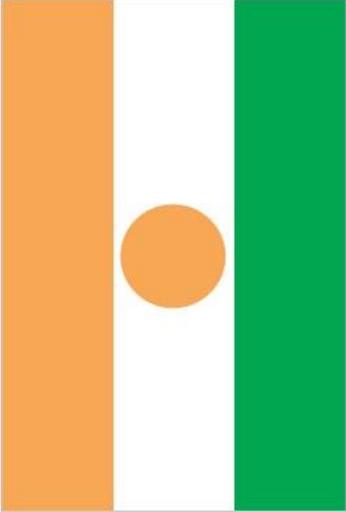
**Namibie
Namibia**



NEP

**Népal
Nepal**

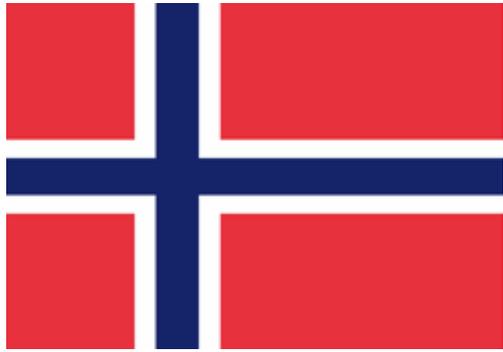


NIG	Niger Niger
	

NGR	Nigéria Nigeria
	

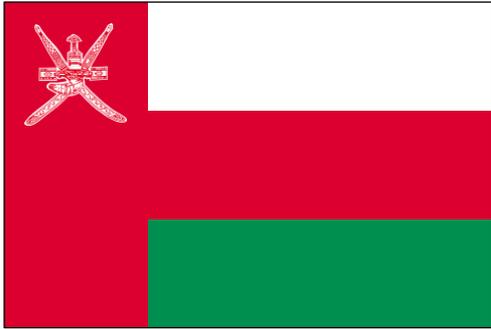
NOR

**Norvège
Norway**

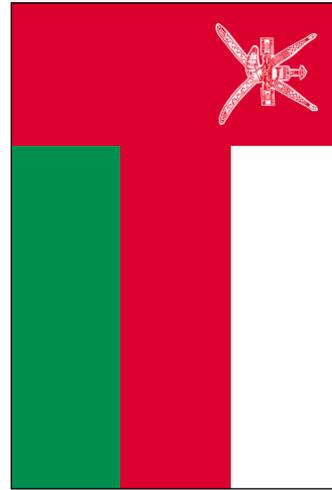


OMA

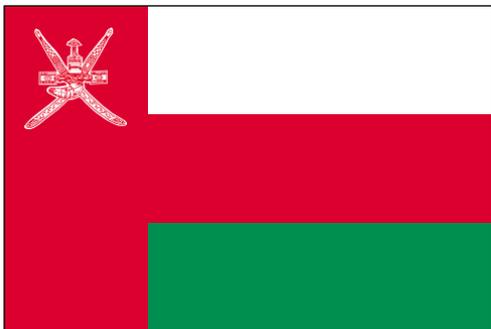
Oman
Oman



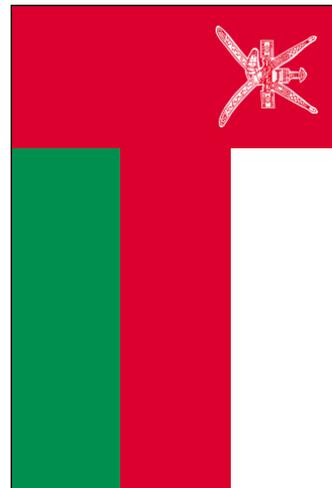
Front side



Front side



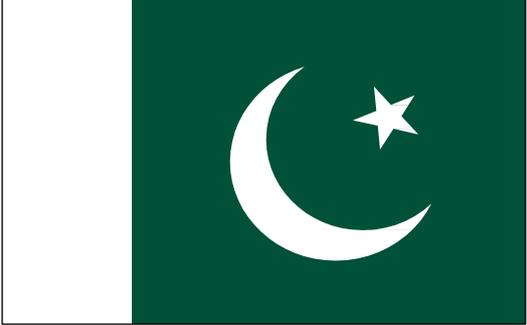
Reverse side



Reverse side

UGA	Ouganda Uganda
	

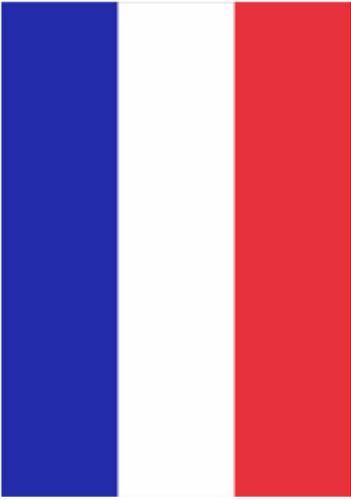
UZB	Ouzbékistan Uzbékistan
	

PAK	Pakistan Pakistan
	

PLE	Palestine Palestine
	

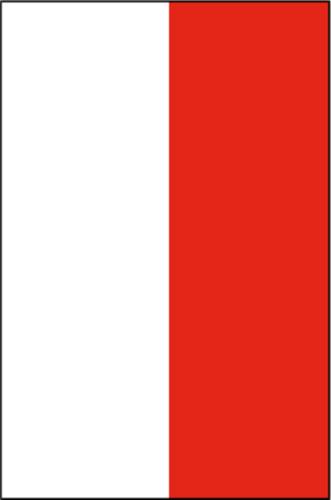
PAR	Paraguay Paraguay
 <p data-bbox="427 723 555 757">Front side</p>	 <p data-bbox="1034 797 1161 831">Front side</p>

 <p data-bbox="411 1585 571 1619">Reverse side</p>	 <p data-bbox="1018 1648 1177 1682">Reverse side</p>
---	--

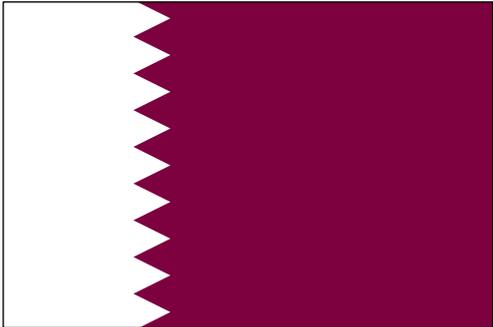
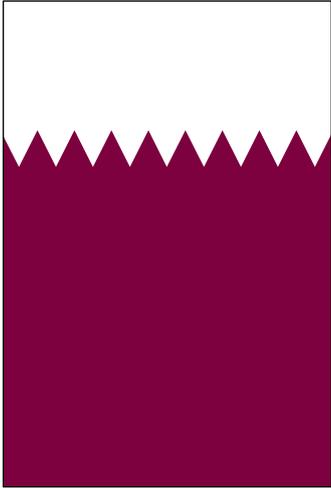
NED	Pays-Bas Netherlands
	

PER	Pérou Peru
	

PHI	Philippines Philippines
	

POL	Pologne Poland
	

POR	Portugal Portugal
	

QAT	Qatar Qatar
	

PRK	République Populaire Démocratique de Corée Democratic People's Republic of Korea
	

ROU	Roumanie Romania
	

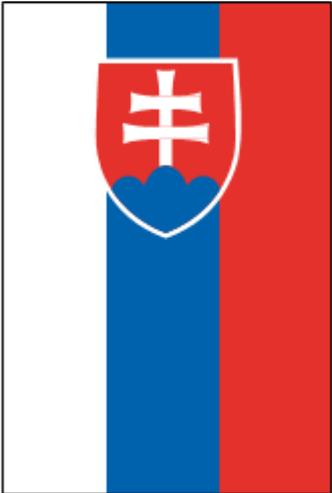
RUS	Fédération de Russie Russian Federation
	

RWA	Rwanda Rwanda
	

SEN	Sénégal Senegal
	

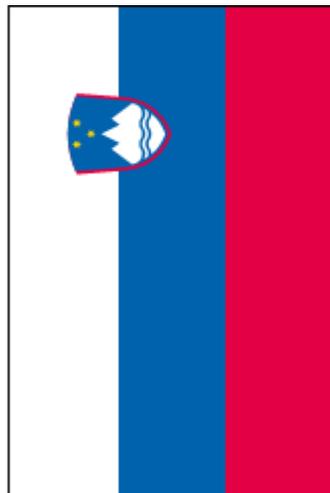
SRB	Serbie Serbia
	

SLE	Sierra Leone Sierra Leone
	

SVK	Slovaquie Slovakia
	

SLO

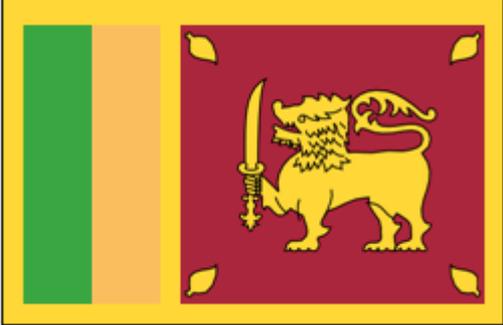
**Slovénie
Slovenia**



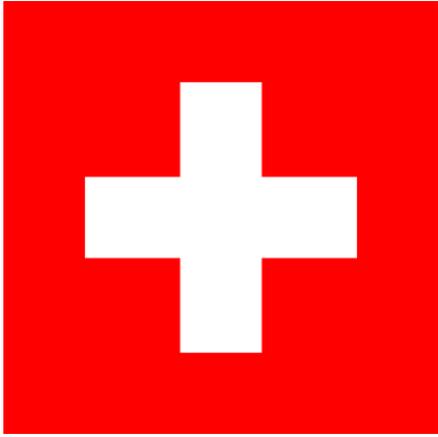
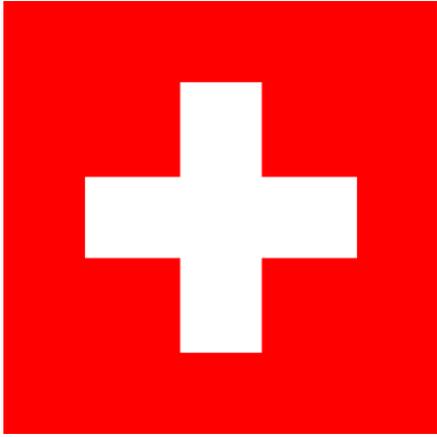
SUD

**Soudan
Sudan**

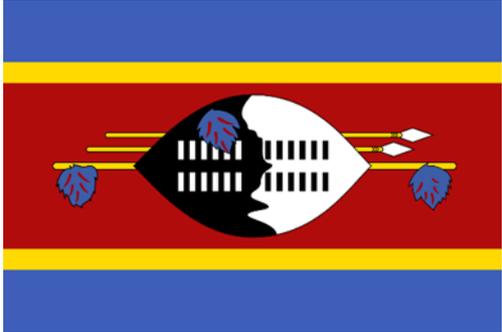
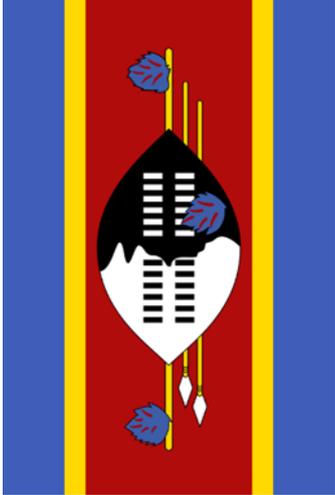


SRI	Sri Lanka Sri Lanka
	

SWE	Suède Sweden
	

SUI	Suisse Switzerland
	

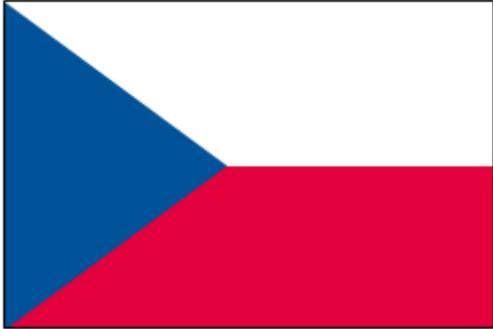
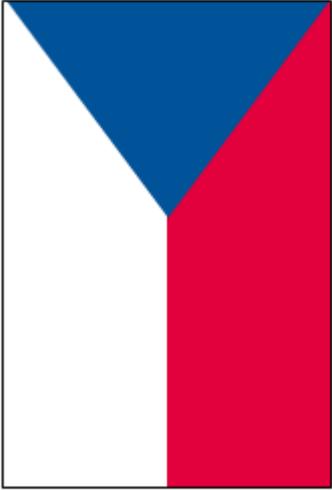
SUR	Suriname Suriname
	

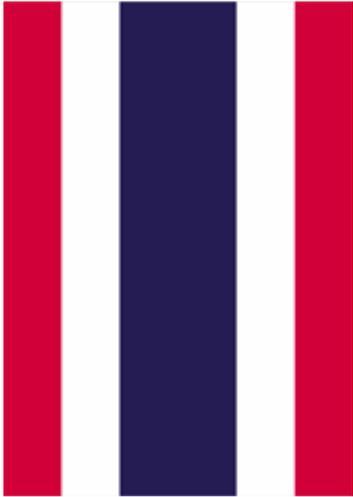
SWZ	eSwatini eSwatini
	

SYR	République Arabe Syrienne Syrian Arab Republic
	

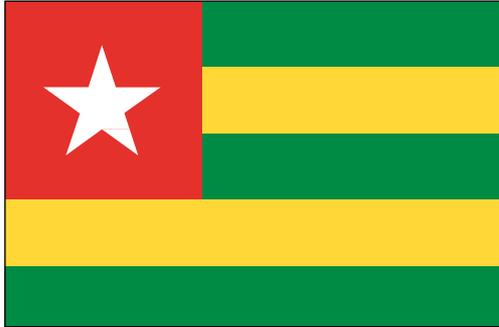
TAN	République Unie de Tanzanie United Republic of Tanzania
	

CHA	Tchad Chad
	

CZE	République Tchèque Czech Republic
	

THA	Thaïlande Thailand
	

TOG



**Togo
Togo**



TTO



**Trinité-et-Tobago
Trinidad and Tobago**



TUN	Tunisie Tunisia
	

TKM	Turkménistan Turkmenistan
	

TUR	Turquie Turkey
	

UKR	Ukraine Ukraine
	

URU

Uruguay
Uruguay



VEN

Venezuela
Venezuela



VIE	Vietnam Vietnam
	

YEM	Yémen Yemen
	

ZAM

**Zambie
Zambia**



ZIM

**Zimbabwe
Zimbabwe**



**Conseil International du Sport Militaire
International Military Sports Council**



CISM

Pantone Codes

PMS 1779 (red)

PMS 123 (yellow)

PMS 646 (blue sword)

PMS 7540 (grey)

PMS 2757 (blue)

PMS Black

13. International Long Form in English

The table below presents the official state titles to be used in formal, legal or diplomatic contexts. The list is arranged in French alphabetical order, according to the CISM Regulations.

	Code	International long form in English
1	AFG	Islamic Republic of Afghanistan
2	RSA	Republic of South Africa
3	ALB	Republic of Albania
4	ALG	People's Democratic Republic of Algeria
5	GER	Federal Republic of Germany
6	ANG	Republic of Angola
7	KSA	Kingdom of Saudi Arabia
8	ARG	Argentine Republic
9	ARM	Republic of Armenia
10	AUT	Republic of Austria
11	AZE	Republic of Azerbaijan
12	BRN	Kingdom of Bahrain
13	BAN	People's Republic of Bangladesh
14	BAR	Barbados
15	BLR	Republic of Belarus
16	BEL	Kingdom of Belgium
17	BEN	Republic of Benin
18	BOL	Plurinational State of Bolivia
19	BIH	Bosnia and Herzegovina
20	BOT	Republic of Botswana
21	BRA	Federative Republic of Brasil
22	BUL	Republic of Bulgaria
23	BUR	Burkina Faso
24	BDI	Republic of Burundi
25	CMR	Republic of Cameroon
26	CAN	Canada
27	CPV	Republic of Cabo Verde
28	CAF	Central African Republic
29	CHI	Republic of Chile
30	CHN	People's Republic of China
31	CYP	Republic of Cyprus
32	COL	Republic of Colombia
33	COM	Union of the Comoros
34	CGO	Republic of the Congo
35	COD	Democratic Republic of the Congo
36	KOR	Republic of Korea
37	CIV	Republic of Cote d'Ivoire
38	CRO	Republic of Croatia

39	DEN	Kingdom of Denmark
40	DJI	Republic of Djibouti
41	DOM	Dominican Republic
42	EGY	Arab Republic of Egypt
43	UAE	United Arab Emirates
44	ECU	Republic of Ecuador
45	ERI	State of Eritrea
46	ESP	Kingdom of Spain
47	EST	Republic of Estonia
48	USA	United States of America
49	FIN	Republic of Finland
50	FRA	French Republic
51	GAB	Gabonese Republic
52	GAM	Republic of the Gambia
53	GEO	Georgia
54	GHA	Republic of Ghana
55	GRE	Hellenic Republic
56	GUA	Republic of Guatemala
57	GUI	Republic of Guinea
58	GBS	Republic of Guinea-Bissau
59	GEQ	Republic of Equatorial Guinea
60	GUY	Co-operative Republic of Guyana
61	HUN	Hungary
62	IND	Republic of India
63	INA	Republic of Indonesia
64	IRI	Islamic Republic of Iran
65	IRQ	Republic of Iraq
66	IRL	Ireland
67	ITA	Italian Republic
68	JAM	Jamaica
69	JOR	Hashemite Kingdom of Jordan
70	KAZ	Republic of Kazakhstan
71	KEN	Republic of Kenya
72	KGZ	Kyrgyz Republic
73	KUW	State of Kuwait
74	LES	Kingdom of Lesotho
75	LAT	Republic of Latvia
76	LBN	Lebanese Republic
77	LBA	State of Libya
78	LTU	Republic of Lithuania
79	LUX	Grand Duchy of Luxembourg
80	MKD	Republic of North Macedonia

81	MAD	Republic of Madagascar
82	MAW	Republic of Malawi
83	MLI	Republic of Mali
84	MLT	Republic of Malta
85	MAR	Kingdom of Morocco
86	MTN	Islamic Republic of Mauritania
87	MON	Principality of Monaco
88	MGL	Mongolia
89	MNE	Montenegro
90	MOZ	Republic of Mozambique
91	MYA	Republic of the Union of Myanmar
92	NAM	Republic of Namibia
93	NEP	Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal
94	NIG	Republic of Niger
95	NGR	Federal Republic of Nigeria
96	NOR	Kingdom of Norway
97	OMA	Sultanate of Oman
98	UGA	Republic of Uganda
99	UZB	Republic of Uzbekistan
100	PAK	Islamic Republic of Pakistan
101	PLE	State of Palestine
102	PAR	Republic of Paraguay
103	NED	Kingdom of the Netherlands
104	PER	Republic of Peru
105	PHI	Republic of the Philippines
106	POL	Republic of Poland
107	POR	Portuguese Republic
108	QAT	State of Qatar
109	PRK	Democratic People's Republic of Korea
110	ROU	Romania
111	RUS	Russian Federation
112	RWA	Republic of Rwanda
113	SEN	Republic of Senegal
114	SRB	Republic of Serbia
115	SLE	Republic of Sierra Leone
116	SVK	Slovak Republic
117	SLO	Republic of Slovenia
118	SUD	Republic of the Sudan
119	SRI	Democratic Socialist Republic of Sri Lanka
120	SWE	Kingdom of Sweden
121	SUI	Swiss Confederation
122	SUR	Republic of Suriname

123	SWZ	Kingdom of eSwatini
124	SYR	Syrian Arab Republic
125	TAN	United Republic of Tanzania
126	CHA	Republic of Chad
127	CZE	Czech Republic
128	THA	Kingdom of Thailand
129	TOG	Togolese Republic
130	TTO	Republic of Trinidad and Tobago
131	TUN	Republic of Tunisia
132	TKM	Turkmenistan
133	TUR	Republic of Turkey
134	UKR	Ukraine
135	URU	Oriental Republic of Uruguay
136	VEN	Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela
137	VIE	Socialist Republic of Vietnam
138	YEM	Republic of Yemen
139	ZAM	Republic of Zambia
140	ZIM	Republic of Zimbabwe

Any additional request for information can be addressed to:

CISM Protocol and Events Manager

Email : cism@milsport.one

Phone: +32 2 647 68 52

Mobile : +32 473 65 16 20